

Department of CHEMISTRY

STUDENT PROJECT WORK

Class:

B.SC - CHEMISTRY

Subject:

CHEMISTRY

Title of the project: Analysis of spectral data

Project Supervisor: Dr. 7. Swie tha

Academic year

2016 - 17

Students Name:

TEAM-B

1. L. Karthik

2. S. Divya kumari 3. N. Tyothsna

4. E. Dileep kuman



Principal

VAAGDEVIDEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE Kishanpura, Hanamkonda.

Our Department of Chemistry had introduced a project to the students on the topic Analysis of spectoral data on under the Supervision of Dr. T. suritha.

* In this project we provided spectral data thorough which students an analyze and concluded various compainds based on spectoral data.

TEAM-A

1. Tasleen Sultang

2. Manchan

3. E. Viknam

4. A. Pravalika

5. B. Prashanth

TEAM-B

- 1. L. Karthik
- 2. S. Diya Kumary.
- 3. N. Tyothing
- 4. E. Deelip kumay

5. B. Sandeep



Principal

VAAGDEVI DEGRÉE & P.G. COLLEGE

Kishanpura, Hanamkonda,



Department of CHEMISTRY

STUDENT PROJECT WORK

B.Sc - Chemistry

Subject: CHEMISTRY

Title of the project: Analysis of spectral Data
Project Supervisor:

Project Supervisor: Dy. F. Sunitha

Academic year 2016 - 17

Students Name: TEAM-A

1. T. Sultana

2. A. Manchar

3. E. Vikeram

4. A. Ponavalika

5. B. Prashanth

VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE Kishanpura, Hanamkonda.

Our department had conducted a Project to the Past graduation students on the topic Microwave Assisted Synthesis of Hybrid Heterocyclics as a potential Anticancer agents Name of the students: 1. G. Nikhitha 2. K. Raju 3. D. Ravinder 4. S. Anusha T. Raja Sri D. Swapna 7. D. swanoopa Principal

VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE Kishanpura, Hanamkonda Scientific paper

Microwave-assisted Synthesis of Hybrid Heterocycles as Potential Anticancer Agents

Avula Srinivas,* Malladi Sunitha, Kammachichu Raju, Banothu Ravinder, Siluveru Anusha, Thallapalli Rajasri, Pothuganti Swapna, Dupa Sushmitha, Deva Swaroopa, Gurala Nikitha and Chakunta Govind Rao

Department of Chemistry, Vaagdevi Degree & PG College Kishanpura, Warangal, Telangana, India 506001

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Received: 24-12-2016

Abstract

In a one pot procedure, a series of novel hybrid heterocycles **6a-g** and **7a-g** were prepared by condensation of (3aS,4S,6S,6aS)-6-((1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methoxy)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[3,4-d][1,3]dioxole-4-carbaldehyde **5** with mercapto acids and primary amines in the presence of ZnCl₂ under both microwave irradiation and conventional heating conditions. Compound **5** was prepared from di-acetone D-mannose *via* a click reaction, primary acetonide deprotection and oxidative cleavage. Characterization of new compounds has been done by IR, NMR, MS and elemental analysis. Anticancer activity of the compounds has also been evaluated.

Keywords: D-mannose, click reaction, cyclisation, anticancer activity

1. Introduction

1,2,3-Triazoles are one of the most important classes of heterocyclic organic compounds, which are reported to be present in a plethora of biologically active compounds, useful for diverse therapeutic areas. The 1,2,3-triazole motif is associated with diverse pharmacological activities, such as antibacterial, antifungal, hypoglycemic, antihypertensive and analgesic properties. Polysubstituted five-membered aza heterocycles rank as the most potent glycosidase inhibitors.2 Further, this nucleus in combination with or in linking with various other classes of compounds such as amino acids, steroids, aromatic compounds, carbohydrates etc., became prominent in having various pharmacological properties.3 1,2,3-Triazole modified carbohydrates have became easily available after the discovery of the Cu(I)-catalyzed azide-alkynes 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction4 and quickly became a promiment class of non-natural sugar derivatives. The chemistry and biology of triazole modified sugars is dominated by triazole glycosides.5 Therefore, the synthesis and investigation of biological activity of 1,2,3-triazole glycosides is an important objective, which also received a consideration le attention by the medicinal chemists. ndevi Degree

Thiazolidinones and 1,2,3-triazoles represent important classes of drugs in medicinal chemistry. They are among the most extensively investigated compounds by biochemists and medicinal chemists. Thiazolidinones in particular show interesting anticancer, anti-HIV, tuberculostatic, antihistaminic, anticonvulsant, antibacterial, and anti arrhythmic activities.

So called hybrid molecules have been shown to be highly active and effective in medicinal chemistry. Synergistic effects are obtained *via* hybridization of two different bioactive moieties with complementary pharmacophoric functions, or with different modes of action. ¹⁴ The confirmation of this hypothesis has been well established in previous studies of 4-thiazolidinones coupled with other heterocyclic fragments, ¹⁵ *i.e.* resulting in high anti tumor activity.

Microwave irradiation is an alternative heating technique based on the transformation of electromagnetic energy into heat. Often this method increases the rate of chemical reactions ¹⁶ and results in higher yields. In recent years, multi component reactions (MCRs)¹⁷ have received interesting attention due to their simplicity, efficiency, atom economy, shortened reaction times, and the possibility for diversity oriented synthesis.

Srinivas et al.: Merawayeegssisted Synthesis of Hybrid Heterocycles ...

Our department	of chemistry had introduced
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	of hybrid Heterocyclics as
a potential	Venaticidalagents", under
the supervision	of mile the second seco
And The State of t	
	the students
1. G. Nikhith	
2. K. Raju	
3. D. Ravinder	
4. S. Anusha	
5. T. Rajassi	
6. D. swapna	
7. D. Swarcopa	
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A. Srinivas, ** M. Sunitha, *P. Karthik, *G. Nikitha, *K. Raju, *B. Ravinder, *S. Anusha, *T. Rajasri, *D. Swapna, *D. Swaroopa, *K. Srinivas, *and K. Vasumathi Reddyb

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Vaagdevi Degree and PG College, Kishanpura, Warangal, Telangana 506001, India ^bDepartment of Zoology, Vaagdevi Degree and PG College, Kishanpura, Warangal, Telangana 506001, India *E-mail: avula.sathwikreddy@gmail.com

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A series of novel 5-((3aR,5S,6S,6aR)-6-((1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methoxy)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-phenyl-3,3a,5,6-tetrahydroisoxazolo [3,4-d]thiazoles 10a-g were synthesized by the reaction of chalcone derivatives of 2-((3aR,5S,6S,6aR)-6-((1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methoxy)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-3-phenylthiazolidin-4-one 9 with hydroxylamine hydrochloride. The chemical structures of newly synthesized compounds were elucidated by IR, NMR, MS, and elemental analysis. The compounds 10 a-g were evaluated for their nematicidal activity against Dietylenchus myceliophagus and Caenorhabditis elegans; compound 10e and 10f showed appreciable nematicidal activity. Further, the compounds 10a - g were screened for their antifungal activity against Candida albicans (ATCC 10231), Aspergillus fumigates (HIC 6094), Trichophyton rubrum (IFO 9185), and Trichopyton mentagrophytes (IFO 40996). The compounds 10b and 10f displayed notable antifungal activity against all the microorganisms employed. The activity of these compounds is almost equal to the standard. It is also interesting to note that the compounds 10b and 10f and 10g showed activity towards C. albicans at the concentration of 3.75 μM, which is less than the concentration of the standard Amphotericin B.

J. Heterocyclic Chem., 54, 3250 (2017).

INTRODUCTION

1,2,3-Triazoles are one of the most important classes of heterocyclic organic compounds, which are reported to be present in a plethora of biological activities for diverse therapeutic areas [1]. The 1,2,3-triazole motif is associated with diverse pharmacological activities such as antibacterial, antifungal, hypoglycemic, antihypertensive, and analgesic properties. Polysubstituted five-membered

aza heterocyclics rank the most potent glycosidase inhibitors [2]. Further, this nucleus in combination with or in linking with various other classes of compounds such as amino acids, steroids, aromatic compounds, and carbohydrates became prominent in having various pharmacological properties [3]. 1,2,3-Triazole modified carbohydrates have became easily available after the discovery of the Cu(I) catalyzed azide-alkynes 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction [4] and quickly became a

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VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE



Department of Chemistry

Student work project

2017-18

Class:

BSc

Subject:

Chemistry

Title:

Effect of Temperature on Electrophilic substitution

reactions of Benzene

Project supervisor:

Dr.A.Srinivas Reddy

Students Name:

1. V.Sharanya Reddy

2. K.Shiva sai

3. K.Shirisha

4. K.Vinay

5. G.Santhosh



Principal

VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLUMA

Kishanpura, Hanamkonda

Effect of Temperature on Electrophilic substitution reactions of Benzene Requirements:

- 1. Benzene, Suphuric acid, Nitric acid.
- 2. Magnetic stirrer, water bath, General Apparatus.

Procedure

Benzene and mixture of Nitric acid and suphuric acids wee taken in a RB flask at 65^o C and higher temperatures to study about the effect of temperature on Nitration reaction of Benzene for 90 min. At 65 occupant temperature benzene gives only Nitro benzene but at higher temperatures it gives m-dinitro benzene. Generally Nitro benzene is a liquid and m-Dintro benzene is a solid.

This project work clearly explained about the Effect of temperature on Electrophilic reaction of Benzene.

$$\frac{\text{HNO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}{65^0 \, \text{C}}$$

$$\frac{\text{HNO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}{\text{High Temp}}$$
No₂
No₂
No₂

$$\frac{\text{HNO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}{\text{High Temp}}$$
No₂

The department of chemistry Organized a field work on Rain water harvesting" for B.sc - chemistry students

of the students;

- 1. 5. Shravya
- 2. Ch. Swathi
- 3. Salva
- 4. K. Ranjith kumar
- 5. P. Srinivas



P.G. COLLEGE VAAGDEVI DEGRU



Department of Chemistry

Student work project 2018-19

Class:

BSc

Subject:

Chemistry

Title:

Knovenagel Condensation -A Case study

Project supervisor:

Dr. A.Srinivas Reddy

Students Name:

1. A.Preethi

2. V.Nagaraju

3. M.Shiya kumar

4. P.Sahithi

5. D.Sowjanya



Principal

VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE

Kishanpura, Hanamkonda.

It had been decided in the department to explore the skills of students towards

Research Based criteria, we conducting

Projects for their scientific knowledge.

* TOPIC: Chromatography Techniques.

Objectives:

* In Chemical analysis, Chromatography is a laboratory Technique for the separation of a mixture into it's components.

* The Mixture is dissolved in a fluid solvent called the Mobile phase, which carries it through a system on which a material called the stationary phase is fixed.



VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE Kishanpura, Hanamkonsa

Our department of chemistry had intereduced a peroject for chemistry students to enhance the skills towards Research

Based criteria on the topic - Analysis
of spectoral data

* In this project we provided spectual data, thorough which students can analyze and concluded various compounds based on spectual data.



Principal VAAGDEVI DEGREE & P.G. COLLEGE
Kishanpura, Hanamkonda.

$$\frac{e^{-cH_3}}{-9e^{0}} = \frac{e^{-cH_3}}{e^{-cH_3}} = \frac{e^{-cH_3}}{e^{-c$$

Report:

Based on The above conclusion CI.R, U.V, 13 CNMP, I H NMR & Mass) The structure of the compound is identified as

p-methory acetophenone.